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To:	Examiner J. Pezzlo	From:	Glenn E. Forbis / Diane R. Lytle		
Fax:	703-746-5894	Pages:	2 + Coversheet		
Phone	).	Date:	February 3, 2004	. •	
Re:	Application No. 09/617,816 filed July 17 Networks; Attorney Docket No. 00-VE0		titled "Telephony Communication Via Varied Redundant 32-0065)	t	
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• Comments: Examiner Pezzlo, Per our conversation, attached please find an attachment to the Office."
Action filed on 1/20/04 for the above-referenced application. Thank you for your assistance. Diane



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## INTEGRATED SERVICES DIGITAL NETWORK

## **Computing Dictionary**

**Definition:** (ISDN) A set of communications <u>standards</u> allowing a single wire or <u>optical fibre</u> to carry voice, c services and video. ISDN is intended to eventually replace the plain old telephone system.

> ISDN was first published as one of the 1984 ITU-I Red Book recommendations. The 1988 Blue E recommendations added many new features. ISDN uses mostly existing Public Switched Telepho (PSTN) switches and wiring, upgraded so that the basic "call" is a 64 kilobits per second, all-digit channel. Packet and frame modes are also provided in some places.

There are different kinds of ISDN connection of varying bandwidth (see <u>DS level</u>):

		DS0	=	1	channel	PCM	at	64	kbps
T1	or	DS1	=	24	channels	PCM	at	1.54	Mbps
TIC	or	DS1C	=	48	channels	PÇM	at	3.15	agdM
T2	ΦF	DS2	=	96	channels	PCM	at	6.31	aqdM
<b>T</b> 3	or	DS3	=	672	channels	PCM	at	44.736	aqdM
T4	or	DS4	=	4032	channels	PCM	at	274.1	Mbps

Each channel here is equivalent to one voice channel. DS0 is the lowest level of the circuit, T1C, are rarely used, except maybe for T2 over microwave links. For some reason 64 kbps is never ca

A <u>Basic Rate Interface</u> (BRI) is two 64K "bearer" channels and a single "delta" channel ("28+D") Rate Interface (PRI) in North America and Japan consists of 24 channels, usually 23 B + 1 D cha same physical interface as T1. Elsewhere the PRI usually has 30 B + 1 D channel and an E1 inte

A Terminal Adaptor (TA) can be used to connect ISDN channels to existing interfaces such as Eli V.35.

Different services may be requested by specifying different values in the "Bearer Capability" field setup message. One ISDN service is "telephony" (i.e. voice), which can be provided using less the kbps bandwidth (64 kbps would provide for 8192 eight-bit samples per second) but will require t special processing or bit diddling as ordinary PSTN calls. Data calls have a Bearer Capability of "c unrestricted".

ISDN is offered by local telephone companies, but most readily in Australia, France, Japan and S with the UK somewhat behind and availability in the USA rather spotty.

(In March 1994) ISDN deployment in Germany is quite impressive, although (or perhaps, becau: specifically German signalling specification, called 1.TR.6. The French Numeris also uses a non-s

protocol (called  $\underline{VN4}$ ; the 4th version), but the popularity of ISDN in France is probably lower the Germany, given the ludicrous pricing. There is also a specifically-Belgian V1 experimental system of Europe is now phasing in  $\underline{\text{Euro-ISDN}}$ .

See also Frame Relay, Network Termination, SAPI.

FAQ.

Usenet newsgroup: news:comp.dcom.isdn.

See Also: communications

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